



BSI Standards Publication

## Thermal spraying — Powders

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Part 2: Comparison of coating performance and spray powder chemistry

## National foreword

This Published Document is the UK implementation of ISO/TR 14232-2:2017.

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A list of organizations represented on this committee can be obtained on request to its secretary.

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Date	Text affected
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**Thermal spraying — Powders —**  
**Part 2:**  
**Comparison of coating performance**  
**and spray powder chemistry**

*Projection thermique — Poudres —*

*Partie 2: Comparaison de enduire performance et poudre chimie*





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## Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see [www.iso.org/directives](http://www.iso.org/directives)).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see [www.iso.org/patents](http://www.iso.org/patents)).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: [www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html](http://www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html).

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 107, *Metallic and other inorganic coatings*.

This first edition of ISO 14232-2, together with ISO 14232-1:2017, cancels and replaces ISO 14232:2000, which has been technically revised.

A list of all parts in the ISO 14232 series can be found on the ISO website.

## Introduction

The performance of a sprayed coating is one of the major factors for its industrial application. However, the chemical composition or chemistry of the sprayed powder is not always the key information for the actual coating application. Understanding the relationship between the chemical composition/chemistry of the sprayed powder and the resulting coating performance allows for the most effective selection of powder to obtain the required coating performance.

This document provides technical information describing the comparison of spray powder chemistry and coating performance. Spray coating performances are extremely diverse. This document examines the performances of wear resistance and corrosion resistance. Other performance categories are in preparation.

The ISO 14232 series consists of two parts. ISO 14232-1 examines the characterization of spray powders. This document is a technical report that examines how technical literature describes the application of powders.

# Thermal spraying — Powders —

## Part 2:

## Comparison of coating performance and spray powder chemistry

### 1 Scope

This document gives guidelines for selecting the powder chemistry or composition for obtaining an objective coating performance.

It provides comparisons of coating performance for wear resistance ([Table 1](#)) and corrosion resistance ([Table 2](#)) to spray powder chemistry/composition. The wear types shown in [Table 1](#) are abrasive, adhesive, chemical, erosion, fretting, impact, rolling and sliding. The corrosion types shown in [Table 2](#) are acid/alkaline/salt, atmospheric, biochemical, biological, chemical agent, chemicals in food, combustion gas, sea water, fresh water, molten metal, molten salt, non-aqueous solution, soil, steam and miscellaneous. The tables give the coating chemistries and describe the composition of spray powder of metals/alloys, ceramics and cermets. The guidelines have been produced on the basis of academic literature, in particular the *Journal of Thermal Spray Technology* and the *Proceedings of the International Thermal Spray Conference*.

### 2 Normative references

There are no normative references in this document.

### 3 Terms and definitions

No terms and definitions are listed in this document.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <http://www.iso.org/obp>

### 4 Comparison table of wear resistance and spray powder chemistry

**Table 1 — Comparison of wear resistance and spray powder chemistry**

Type of wear	Metals	Ceramics	Cermet
<b>Abrasive</b>	316L[75]	Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> [6][8][16][74][77][80][93][96]	Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> -Ni[77][80]
	Amorphous ferrochromes[9]	Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> -TiO <sub>2</sub> [24][64][99]	Al-SiC[10]
	Co-based self-fluxing alloy[100]	Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> -ZrO <sub>2</sub> [80]	Carbide cermet[9]
	Cobalt alloys[9]	Cr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> [8][54][73][74][75][93][94][99]	Cr <sub>3</sub> C <sub>2</sub> -NiCr[37][42][52][55][62][73][74][75][85][99][69]
	Fe-13Cr-7Ni-4B-5W-0,2C[30]	TiO <sub>2</sub> [6][28][54][96]	Cr <sub>3</sub> C <sub>2</sub> -NiCr-SFA[67]
	Fe-40Al-0,05Zr[31]	ZrO <sub>2</sub> -Y <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> [6][54]	FeNiAlCr-TiC-Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> [70]