

BSI Standards Publication

Application of fire safety engineering principles to the design of buildings

Part 1: Initiation and development of fire within the enclosure of origin (Sub-system 1)



PD 7974-1:2019 PUBLISHED DOCUMENT

Publishing and copyright information

The BSI copyright notice displayed in this document indicates when the document was last issued.

© The British Standards Institution 2019

Published by BSI Standards Limited 2019

ISBN 978 0 580 97726 8

ICS 13.220.20; 91.040.01

The following BSI references relate to the work on this document: Committee reference FSH/24 $\,$

Draft for comment 18/30373549 DC

Amendments/corrigenda issued since publication

Date Text affected

Contents		Page
	Foreword	iii
	Introduction	1
1	Scope	1
2	Normative references	1
3	Terms, definitions and symbols	2
4	Design approach	6
4.1	Uncertainty	6
4.2	Competence	6
4.3	Framework	6
4.4	Design assessment and basis of design fire selection	7
4.5	Building characteristics	7
4.6	Fuel load characteristics	7
4.7	Environmental influences	8
5	Inputs	8
	Figure 1 — Sub-system 1 inputs	8
6	Outputs	8
	Figure 2 — Sub-system 1 outputs	9
7	Classification	9
7.1	General	9
7.2	Ignition	9
7.3	Flame spread	10
7.4	Fire growth	10
	Figure 3 — Conceptual illustration of continuous fire growth	10
7.5	Fully developed	10
	Figure 4 — Fire growth in an uncontrolled room fire	11
	Figure 5 — Illustration of a travelling fire and ceiling jet [1]	12
7.6	Decay	12
7.7	End stage	12
8	Design calculations	13
8.1	General concepts/principles	13
8.2	Ignition	13
8.3	Characteristics of flames	14
	Table 1 — Empirical correlations	15
8.4	Fire growth	17
	Table 2 — Standardized alpha t-squared growth rates	17
	Table 3 — $C_{\scriptscriptstyle m T}$ constants for different configurations	18
8.5	Fully-developed fires (inclusive of decay)	19
	Figure 6 — Two indicative travelling fire arrangements with fire travel path lengths and	
	path widths	23
8.6	Post-flashover fires (inclusive of decay)	24
	Figure 7 — Example gas time-temperature curves for post-flashover fires as a function of opening	
	factor and fire load density with normal enclosure linings	25
8.7	Nominal time-temperature curves	25
8.8	Production of species	26
8.9	Activation of heat detector devices and automatic fire suppression systems	29
8.10	Effect of automatic fire suppression systems on fire conditions	29
Annex A	(informative) Reference data	30

PD 7974-1:2019 PUBLISHED DOCUMENT

	Bibliography	38
Annex C	(informative) Example configuration factors	37
	Table B.5 — Carbon monoxide yields, smoke particulate yields, smoke specific extinction areas and mass optical densities for well-ventilated combustion from Tewarson [57] and Mulholland [35]	36
	ventilated flaming combustion	35
	areas and mass optical densities for cellulosics and plastics under well-ventilated and under-	
	Table B.4 — Ranges of carbon monoxide yields, smoke particulate yields, smoke specific extinction	
	Table B.3 — Smoke mass conversion factor [56]	34
	materials from the PD ISO/TS 19700 tube furnace [34]	33
	well-ventilated and under-ventilated combustion conditions for a range of common polymeric	
	Table B.2 — Toxic gas yields, effective heats of combustion and oxygen consumption under	
	Table B.1 — Composition of test materials	32
Annex B	(informative) Reference data for smoke and toxic gas yields	32
	Table A.6 — Effective emission co-efficient, K, for various materials	32
	Table A.5 — Fire load density for different occupancies	31
	Table A.4 — Heat release rates per unit area for different occupancies [41]	31
	Table A.3 — Fire growth rates for some discrete fuel assemblies	30
	Table A.2 — Standardized fire growth rates [BS ISO/TR 13387-2]	30
	Table A.1 — Convective fractions for different fuels [12]	30

Summary of pages

This document comprises a front cover, and inside front cover, pages i to iv, pages 1 to 41, an inside back cover and a back cover.

PUBLISHED DOCUMENT PD 7974-1:2019

Foreword

This part of PD 7974 is published by BSI Standards Limited, under licence from The British Standards Institution, and came into effect on 31 March 2019. It was prepared by Technical Committee FSH/24, *Fire safety engineering*. A list of organizations represented on this committee can be obtained on request to its secretary.

Supersession

This part of PD 7974 supersedes PD 7974-1:2003, which is withdrawn.

Relationship with other publications

This Published Document is one of a series of documents published under the Fire Standards Policy Committee, and is a supporting document to BS 7974, *Application of fire safety engineering principles to the design of buildings* — *Code of practice*.

Other parts in this series, PD 7974, include:

- Part 2: Spread of smoke and toxic gases within and beyond the enclosure of origin (Sub-system 2)
- Part 3: Structural response and fire spread beyond the enclosure of origin (Sub-system 3)
- Part 4: Detection of fire and activation of fire protection systems (Sub-system 4)
- Part 5: Fire and rescue service intervention (Sub-system 5)
- Part 6: Human factors: Life safety strategies Occupant evacuation, behaviour and condition (Sub-system 6)
- Part 7: Probabilistic risk assessment

Information about this document

This is a full revision of the document, and introduces the following principal changes:

- consolidation of all principal design fire development considerations into sub-system 1 which are subsequently called upon as an input for other sub-systems (e.g. 2 and 3);
- greater clarity regarding the phases of fire development;
- design correlations that logically follow a conventional fire timeline of events;
- where practicable, explicit acknowledgements of the inherent assumptions underpinning design correlations;
- further generalization of design approximations for growing fires;
- revised correlations with respect to ignition, heat flux from localized fires, pre-flashover compartment fire temperatures, and sprinkler-controlled fires;
- the introduction of a travelling fire framework for fully developed fires that might not develop to flashover
- improved reference data for smoke and toxic gas yields; and
- removal of some reference data as it is either too generalized or out of date.

Use of this document

As a guide, this part of PD 7974 takes the form of guidance and recommendations. It should not be quoted as if it were a specification or a code of practice and claims of compliance cannot be made to it.

PD 7974-1:2019 PUBLISHED DOCUMENT

This publication is not to be regarded as a British Standard.

Presentational conventions

The guidance in this Published Document is presented in roman (i.e. upright) type. Any recommendations are expressed in sentences in which the principal auxiliary verb is "should".

Commentary, explanation and general informative material is presented in smaller italic type, and does not constitute a normative element.

Where words have alternative spellings, the preferred spelling of the Shorter Oxford English Dictionary is used (e.g. "organization" rather than "organisation").

Contractual and legal considerations

This publication does not purport to include all the necessary provisions of a contract. Users are responsible for its correct application.

 $Compliance\ with\ a\ Published\ Document\ cannot\ confer\ immunity\ from\ legal\ obligations.$

PUBLISHED DOCUMENT PD 7974-1:2019

Introduction

This Published Document is one of a series of documents intended to support BS 7974. The Code of Practice provides a framework for developing a rational methodology for design using an alternative fire safety engineering approach through the application of scientific and engineering principles to the protection of people, property and the environment from fire.

The Published Documents (PDs) contain guidance and information on how to undertake quantitative and detailed analysis of specific aspects of the design. They are a summary of the "state of the art" and it is intended that they be updated as new theories, calculation methods and/or data become available. They do not preclude the use of appropriate methods and data from other sources.

BS 7974 can be used to define one or more fire safety design issues to be addressed using fire safety engineering. The appropriate PDs can then be used to set specific acceptance criteria and/or undertake detailed analysis.

An alternative holistic fire safety engineering (FSE) approach can often provide a more fundamental, bespoke, safer and/or economical solution than more generic approaches to fire safety. It might, in some cases, be the only viable means of achieving a satisfactory standard of fire safety, where buildings are neither common nor straightforward.

Alternative fire safety engineering approaches can have many benefits. The use of BS 7974 is intended to facilitate the practice of fire safety engineering and in particular it:

- provides the designer with a disciplined approach to fire safety design;
- allows safety levels of specific designs to be assessed, and quantified where appropriate;
- allows the safety levels for alternative designs to be compared;
- provides a basis for selection of appropriate fire protection systems;
- provides opportunities for innovative design;
- provides information on the management of fire safety for a building.

Fire is a complex phenomenon and there are still gaps in the available knowledge. When used by suitably qualified persons experienced in fire safety engineering (see 4.2), this series of Published Documents might provide a means of establishing adequate levels of fire safety economically without imposing unnecessary constraints on aspects of building design.

1 Scope

This Published Document provides guidance on evaluating fire growth and/or size within the enclosure of fire origin, as well as enclosures to which the fire has subsequently spread.

The characteristics and products of the design fire for any particular scenario are influenced by a number of factors, including building design, environmental influences, potential ignition sources and location, types of combustible materials, distribution and arrangement of combustible materials, ventilation conditions and other events occurring during the fire.

The determination of the characteristics and products of the design fire from ignition through to decay is used by other sub-systems.

Normative references

There are no normative references in this document.