BS 9295:2020



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Guide to the structural design of buried pipes



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Summary of pages

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Foreword

Publishing information

This British Standard is published by BSI Standards Limited, under licence from The British Standards Institution, and came into effect on 29 February 2020. It was prepared by Technical Committee B/505, *Wastewater engineering*. A list of organizations represented on this committee can be obtained on request to its secretary.

Supersession

This British Standard supersedes BS 9295:2010, which is withdrawn.

Relationship with other publications

This British Standard is complementary to BS EN 1295-1:2019 and PD CEN/TR 1295-2:2005.

BS EN 1295-1:2019 specifies general requirements for the structural design of buried pipes under various conditions of loading. Guidance is also given on the application of the nationally established methods of design declared by, and used in, CEN member countries at the time it was prepared. The established United Kingdom method is described as BS 9295.

PD CEN/TR 1295-2:2005 summarizes the nationally established methods of design made available to CEN. The United Kingdom method is described in <u>A.9</u>, which is consistent with BS EN 1295-1:1997.

This British Standard gives further information to facilitate in full the structural design of buried pipes under various conditions of loading using the established United Kingdom method; it does not alter any of the provisions of BS EN 1295-1:2019.

Information about this document

This is a full revision of the standard, and introduces the following principal changes:

- incorporation of the content of National Annex A to BS EN 1295:1997; and
- inclusion of the Gumbel method for the design of buried pipes.

This publication can be withdrawn, revised, partially superseded or superseded. Information regarding the status of this publication can be found in the Standards Catalogue on the BSI website at <u>bsigroup.com/standards</u>, or by contacting the Customer Services team.

Where websites and webpages have been cited, they are provided for ease of reference and are correct at the time of publication. The location of a webpage or website, or its contents, cannot be guaranteed.

Use of this document

As a guide, this British Standard takes the form of guidance and recommendations. It should not be quoted as if it were a specification or a code of practice.

Presentational conventions

The guidance in this standard is presented in roman (i.e. upright) type. Any recommendations are expressed in sentences in which the principal auxiliary verb is "should".

Commentary, explanation and general informative material is presented in smaller italic type, and does not constitute a normative element.

Contractual and legal considerations

This publication does not purport to include all the necessary provisions of a contract. Users are responsible for its correct application.

Compliance with a British Standard cannot confer immunity from legal obligations.

0 Introduction

This revision of BS 9295 has been prepared to maintain alignment with BS EN 1295-1:2019, which now cites BS 9295 as the primary source of the methods accepted for the structural design of buried pipes in the UK. The opportunity has been taken to review various shortcomings in the earlier UK design methods, many of which have arisen due to changes in the nature of pipes over the period since those methods were originally published.

Changes from the methods previously published as BS EN 1295-1 and BS 9295 include the introduction of a new conceptual model for the design of buried flexible pipes focused on large-diameter structured-wall thermoplastics pipes, explicit consideration of the quality of workmanship envisaged during installation, non-circular shaped concrete pipes, and a wider range of bedding materials. Non-circular shaped pipes in materials other than concrete are not in common use in the UK so their design is not covered by this edition.

1 Scope

This British Standard gives the UK established method for the structural design of buried pipes under various conditions of loading. The procedures are explained, with tables listing the recommended design values for the appropriate variables in the design formulae, figures providing graphical information on vehicle surcharge loadings, and tables of rigid pipe bedding factors.

NOTE The scope of BS EN 1295-1:2019 is restricted to the structural design of water supply pipelines, drains and sewers, and other water industry pipelines, whether operating at atmospheric, greater or lesser pressure.

Some aspects of longitudinal effects are discussed (see <u>Annex A</u>), but this topic is not fully covered.

The initial selection of options for the pipe material involves consideration of matters beyond structural design and is outside the scope of this standard.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application¹⁾. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

Standards publications

BS EN 545, Ductile iron pipes, fittings, accessories and their joints for water pipelines – Requirements and test methods

BS EN 598, Ductile iron pipes, fittings, accessories and their joints for sewerage applications – Requirements and test methods

BS EN 622-4, Fibreboards - Specifications - Part 4: Requirements for softboards

BS EN 1295-1:2019, Structural design of buried pipelines under various conditions of loading – Part 1: General requirements

BS EN 1610:2015, Construction and testing of drains and sewers

BS EN 1992-1-1:2004+A1:2014, Eurocode 2: Design of concrete structures – Part 1-1: General rules and rules for buildings

BS EN 13242:2002+A1:2007, Aggregates for unbound and hydraulically bound materials for use in civil engineering work and road construction

¹⁾ Documents that are referred to in an informative manner are listed in the Bibliography.